VODAFONE GROUP _RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Mobile Broadcast and Interactivity

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Interactive Mobile TV A Mobile VCE Seminar 22nd November 2005





Mobile Broadcast Use Cases

- _ Approaches to Interactivity
 - Generic Browser, Streamed Multimedia, and Java-based middleware
- Interactive Middleware
 - JSR 248, 249 and 272
- IP Datacast and DVB-CBMS
 - Phase 1, features for phase 2, and a challenge



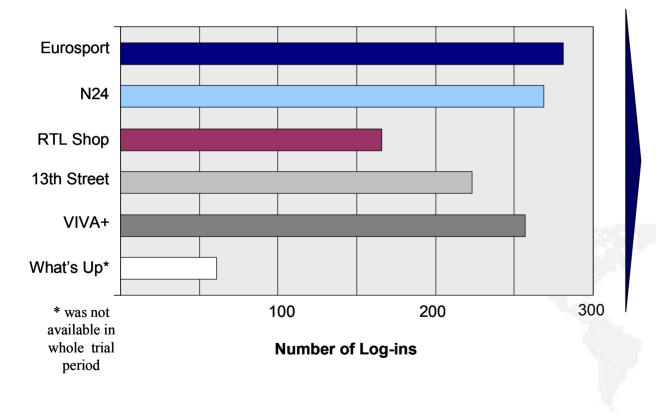
Mobile Broadcast Use Cases (1)

Mobile TV

- The simplest use case, easy to understand by a mass market audience
- Little to no integration with interactive/mobile network
- Mobile network provider in the role of collecting access fees and premium content fees
- Suitable content formats needed, special formatting adds to cost
- Has its limits, due to display size limitations



Friendly User trial with 20 Users, Numbers are indicative, Numoers are indicative, representative! Strong interest in Eurosport due to Olympic Games during trial period



Eurosport, N24 and VIVA+ were the most used services

Home-Shopping was the channel with the weakest usage

Mobile Broadcast Use Cases (2)

- Mobile TV with synchronized, auxiliary data stream
- Auxiliary data stream contains:
 - Additional information that can be browsed (much like a multimedia teletext)
 - Interaction entry points (buttons), e.g. for voting, call-ins, merchandise purchasing (via SMS, HTTP, SOAP)

- All elements can be synchronized with audiovisual stream
- Evolutionary use case, still easy to understand
- Additional revenue stream through interactive transactions



MobileTV approach



video overlays

Interactivity is key for further

growth & use of back-channel

voting services

- Main revenue source is subscription, but interactivity should be enabling technology already in first devices (to reach critical mass)
- **Example: Mobile Music TV**

Interactive broadcast approach



Community (€)

Instant Premium Downloads (€)

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Optimized video for mobile reception

One-button premium SMS voting (€)

Optimized rendering of textual information







Mobile Broadcast Use Cases (3)

Download applications

- · Audio, music clips, premium information data bases
- Dedicated run-time applications
- Unattended download and/or update
- Application may provide interaction entry points
- More difficult to understand
- Revenue streams by subscription to service and interaction transactions

_ Example

 What's up (Berlin City- and Lifestyle Guide) (Realized by touch mobile)





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Approaches to Interactivity (1)

"Generic Browser"

- All interactivity is defined declaratively in the broadcast stream
- Standardized information elements (text fields, buttons, logos, pictures), which can be customized and arranged in simple, pre-defined layouts
- Pre-defined set of interaction elements, such as SMS buttons or HTTP buttons
- All elements can be synchronized with the AV stream
- Just a generic browser/rendering application is required on the terminal, as all aspects of the application are defined in the broadcast stream

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 Easy and inexpensive to deploy, e.g. for shopping TV, call-in or voting program formats, frequent changes and re-launches are easy to handle



Approaches to Interactivity (2)

Streamed multimedia applications

- Again, the application is entirely defined in the broadcast stream
- More powerful control over graphics, animation and interaction
- Candidate: MPEG-LASeR (Lightweight Application Scene Representation)
 - "Flash for streaming"
 - Going to become MPEG-4 Part 20
 - Based on Tiny-SVG V1.1 resp. V1.2
- Again, just a generic run-time component is required on the terminal
- More expensive to develop applications, justified for higher-value content

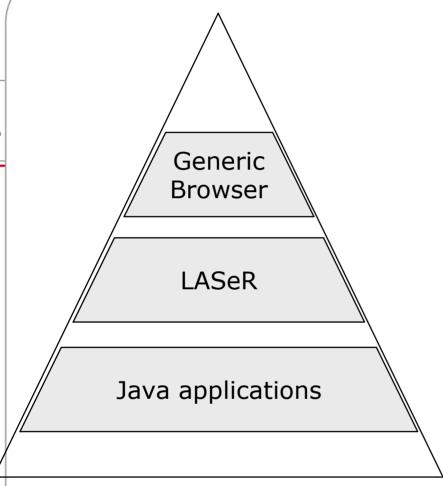


Approaches to Interactivity (3)

Java-based middleware

- Full-featured applications with complex logic
- Full control over interaction
- Applications may be downloaded over the broadcast channel or the interaction channel
- Expensive to develop
- Must be verified against all terminal types the operator wants to support for the application
- Justified for premium-content applications
- May be used to implement the "generic browser"





Purely declarative, synchronized data streams Pre-defined interactions Generic terminal SW component Economic deployment

Lightweight Application Scene Representation Streamed multimedia Versatile interactions Generic terminal SW component

Full-featured applications with complex logic Verification with all terminal types Broadcast or interactive download Expensive, only for value added services

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- Mobile terminals are interactive from the beginning, unlike TV sets.
- Learning from the MHP experience
 - When MHP was conceived, JCP didn't exist yet
 - DVB was forced to created a "monolithic" specification
- _ JCP JSRs (Java Specification Requests) provide already many of the frameworks needed, such as MMAPI (Multimedia API, JSR 135)
- For general purpose orchestration of JSRs, mobile operators and handset manufacturers created Mobile Service Architecture (MSA) JSR 248 and 249 (Specification lead: Vodafone and Nokia)
- _ JSR 272 for Mobile Broadcast only specifies what is not provided otherwise

JSR 248 and 249: Mobile Service Architecture (MSA)

Specify a mandatory set of JSRs for operator-qualified handsets as of middle 2006

MSA for CLDC: JSR 248

MSA for CDC: JSR 249

- Both created by the same experts group
- Both specify an equivalent set of JSRs
- _ JSR 248 is now in public review



PDA Optional Packages (JSR 75)	Bluetooth (JSR 82)	MMAPI (JSR 135)	Web Services (JSR 172)	Security & Trust (JSR 177)	Location (JSR 179)	SIP (JSR 180)	Mobile 3D (JSR 184)	JTWI (JSR 185)	Wireless Messaging (JSR 205)	Content Handler (JSR 215)	Scalable 2D VG (JSR 226)	Payment (JSR 229)	Adv. Multimedia Suppl. (JSR 234)	Mobile 118N (JSR 238)									
MIDP 2.0 (JSR 118)																							
			,	J2M	IE C	LDO	2 1.	1 (J	SR	J2ME CLDC 1.1 (JSR 139)													

JSR 248: MSA JSRs included

- _ J2ME Connected Limited Device Configuration 1.1 (JSR 139)
- Mobile Information Device Profile 2.0 (JSR 118)
- _ JAVA Technology for the Wireless Industry 1.0 (JSR 185)
- PDA Optional Packages for the J2ME Platform (JSR 75)
- _ JAVA APIs for Bluetooth (JSR 82)
- _ Mobile Media API (JSR 135)
- _ J2ME Web Services (JSR 172)
- Security and Trust Services API (JSR 177)
- Location API for J2ME (JSR 179)
- SIP API for J2ME (JSR 180)
- Mobile 3D Graphics API (JSR 184)
- Wireless Messaging API (JSR 205)
- Content Handler API (JSR 211)
- Scalable 2D Vector Graphics API for J2ME (JSR 226)
- Payment API (JSR 229)
- Advanced Multimedia Supplements (JSR 234)
- _ Mobile Internationalization API (JSR 238)



232 75) Wireless Messaging (JSR 205) JDBC (JSR 169) (JSR 215) & UI (JSR Scalable 2D VG (JSR 226) PDA Optional Packages (JSR Security & Trust (JSR 177) Adv. Multimedia Suppl. (JSR Web Services (JSR 172) Mobile 118N (JSR 238) Mobile 3D (JSR 184) Payment (JSR 229) 82) Location (JSR 179) Content Handler (JSR **MMAPI (JSR 135)** Mg. JTWI (JSR 185) SIP (JSR 180) Bluetooth (JSR Op. Adv. Gr. Mob Pers. Profile Pers. Basis **Profile** Found. Prof. J2ME CDC 1.1 (JSR 218)

JSR 248



- _ The scope of the proposal can be divided into two topic areas:
- _ 1. Managing the interactive broadcasting services containing
 - Service search and discovery
 - Service & content access and consumption
 - Reception and consumption scheduling and timing
 - Service subscription, purchasing and
- _ 2. Managing the applications delivered via the broadcasting stream containing
 - Receiving and management of Java applications
 - Application parameterization

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JSR 272: MBS (continued)

- Specifically references only:
 - MIDP 2.0
 - MMAPI 1.1 (JSR 135)
 - AMMS (optional)
 - Generic Connection Framework (GCF) for interactive services





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Service management level

- Service search and discovery
 - Full access to service guide information
 - Query and extraction of specific information
 - "Zapping" support, i.e. quick discovery of all available services
- Service & content access and consumption
 - Broadcast content/service retrieval (incl. tuning)
 - Access to AV broadcast streams by MMAPI (JSR 135)
 - Access to subtitles, tickers, image, and hypertext data
 - Access to terminal capability parameters, including signal strength, error rate, terminal profile information, version
 - Service lifecycle management
- Reception/consumption scheduling and timing
 - Plan the consumption of a given service
 - Perform storing/recording at scheduled times
- Service subscription, purchase and interaction
 - Framework for user identification, service purchasing and provisioning (but no new payment API)



JSR 272: MBS APIs (cont.)

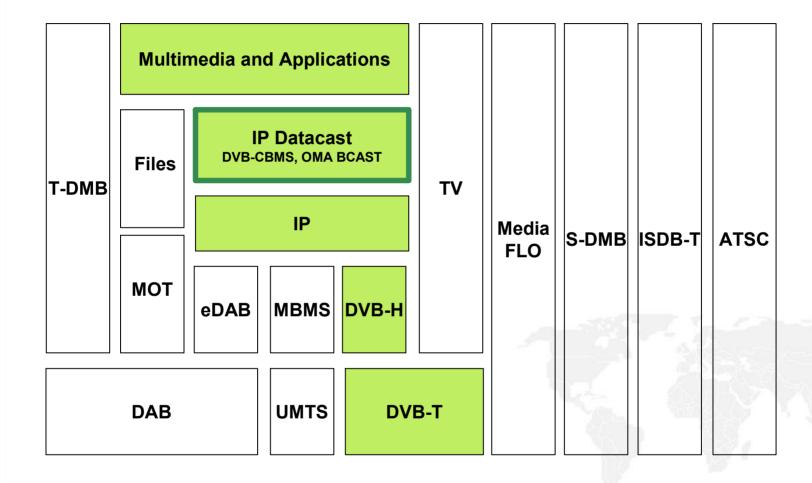
- _ Application management level
 - Receiving and management of Java applications delivered via broadcast
 - Application parameterization support





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Standardization: DVB-CBMS (1)

- Phase 1 final draft specifications approved
 - SPP (Service Purchase and Protection) with a delay
- Components (ETSI documents, to be published)
 - Use Cases
 - Architecture
 - Electronic Service Guide (ESG)
 - Content Delivery Protocols
 - PSI/SI for IPDC in DVB-H Systems
 - Service Purchase and Protection
 - Specification for the use of Video and Audio Coding in DVB services delivered directly over IP, Annex B
- Sufficient just for protected Mobile TV and download services
- Phase 2 is about to be started



Standardization: DVB-CBMS (2)

- Features to be discussed for phase 2
- A generic "trigger" mechanism to support synchronized actions in the terminal
- ESG retrieval using the interaction channel
- Integration of location services
- Downloads to secure storage media
- Interactivity in general
 - Browsers, multimedia formats, and middleware
- and more ...





Challenge: Integration of mobile and broadcast network

- So far, both networks are complementary and do not know about each other (at the network level)
 - Only applications may know about both
 - Can lead to an awkward service quality
- _ IoN, Interworking of Networks, takes a good start here
- Potential for further development:
 - Utilization of location service for broadcast network discovery
 - Integrate MBMS, DVB-H and DXB (IPDC over DAB), maybe even WiFi, since all of them support IPDC applications and hybrid terminals are to be expected





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